## Review # 2

- 1. (a) Give the definition of the Principal branch Log(z) of the lorarithm.
- (b) Describe the domain and range of Log(z)? Where is Log(z) analytic?
- (c) Is it true that  $\text{Log}(x^2)=2 \text{ Log}(z)$  for all  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ ?
- (d) Sketch and describe carefully the domain of analyticity of Log(2z-1).
- **2.** Express the following quantities in the u + iv form.
- (a)  $sinh(1 + \pi i)$
- (b)  $\mathcal{L}_{\pi/2}(-\sqrt{3}+i)$
- **3.** Find all values of z for which  $Log(z^2 + 1) = \frac{i\pi}{2}$ .
- **4.** Find the solutions for  $\cos z = 2i$ .
- 5. Evaluate the following integrals without performing an explicit computation.
- (a)  $\int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z} dz$ , where  $\gamma(t) = \cos t + 2i \sin t$  and  $t \in [0, \pi]$ .
- (b)  $\int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z^2} dz$ , where  $\gamma(t) = \cos t + 2i \sin t$  and  $t \in [0, \pi]$ .
- (c)  $\int_{\gamma} \frac{e^z}{z} dz$ , where  $\gamma(t) = 3 + 2e^{it}$  and  $t \in [0, 2\pi]$ .
- **6.** Compute by two different methods:

$$\int_{i}^{2i} (z^2 - 2e^{2z}) \ dz.$$

7. Let  $\gamma$  be the boundary of the circle of radius 2 centered at the origin. Compute

(a) 
$$\int_{\gamma} \frac{dz}{z^2 - 1}$$

(b) 
$$\int_{\gamma} \frac{dz}{z^2 - 8}$$

(c) 
$$\int_{\gamma} \frac{dz}{z^2 + 2z - 3}$$

**8.** Let  $z_0$  denote a fixed complex number, and let  $\gamma$  be a simple closed contour with positive orientation such that  $z_0$  lies in the interior of  $\gamma$ . Derive the following formula:

$$\oint_{\gamma} \frac{dz}{(z-z_0)^n} = \begin{cases} 0 & n \neq 1, \\ 2\pi i & n = 1. \end{cases}$$

- 9. (a) State Cauchy's Integral Theorem.
- (b) State the Deformation Invariance Theorem
- (c) Show that Cauchy's Integral Theorem implies the Deformation Invariance Theorem.
- **10.** Prove  $(2) \Leftrightarrow (3)$  in the Path Independence Lemma.