

Sample Test

You are being evaluated on the presentation, as well as the correctness, of your answers. Try to answer questions in a clear, direct, and efficient way. Show your work. Your solutions should include explanations and references to theorems where appropriate.

1. Sketch the curve given by the parametric equation

$$x = \ln t, \quad y = \sqrt{t}, \quad t \geq 1.$$

Your sketch should include the initial point, and the direction in which the curve is traced.

2. Consider the curve \mathcal{C} given by the equations $x = 2 - t^3$, $y = 2t - 1$, $z = \ln t$.

- (a) Find a parametric equation for the tangent line to \mathcal{C} at the point $(1, 1, 0)$.
- (b) Find an equation for the normal plane to \mathcal{C} at the point $(1, 1, 0)$.

3. Let \mathcal{C} be a smooth plane curve.

- (a) What is the osculating circle of \mathcal{C} at the point p ? What does it tell you about the curve?
- (b) Find an equation for the osculating circle of the curve $y = x^4 - x^2$ at the origin.

4. (a) State the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus for line integrals.

- (b) Prove the following statement:

“If $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = 0$ for every closed path \mathcal{C} in D then $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ is path independent.”

5. (a) Find $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where $\vec{F} = (x + z)\vec{i} + z\vec{j} + y\vec{k}$ and \mathcal{C} is the line from the point $(2, 4, 4)$ to the point $(1, 5, 2)$.

- (b) Evaluate $\int_{\mathcal{C}} (3x - y) \, ds$, where \mathcal{C} is the portion of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 18$ traversed from $(3, 3)$ to $(3, -3)$ clockwise.

6. Let $\vec{F}(x, y) = (2xy + 3)\vec{i} + (x^2 + \cos y)\vec{j}$

- (a) Show that \vec{F} is a conservative vector field.
- (b) Find a potential function for \vec{F} .
- (c) Use part (b) to compute $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where \mathcal{C} is the curve beginning at the point $(1, 0)$ and ending at the point $(2, \pi)$.