UBC ID #:	NAME (print):		
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a place of mind THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

IRVING K. BARBER SCHOOL
OF ARTS AND SCIENCES
UBC OKANAGAN

Instructor: Rebecca Tyson Course: MATH 225

Date: Jan 31st, 2018 Time: 11:30am Duration: 35 minutes.

This exam has 5 questions for a total of 24 points.

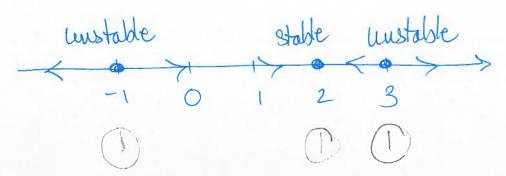
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Show and explain all of your work unless the question directs otherwise. Simplify all answers.
- The use of a calculator is not permitted.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided on the question sheets. If you run out of room for an answer, ask for extra paper.

This is a two-stage exam. You have 35 minutes to complete the exam individually, then you will hand in the tests and join your group to redo the test as a group in the remaining 35 minutes.

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Points:	3	4	7	3	7	24
Score:						

3 1. Sketch the phase line for the ODE y' = (y+1)(y-2)(y-3) and state the nature of its steady states.



[4] 2. Find all solutions to the separable ODE

$$\frac{1}{\theta} \frac{dy}{d\theta} = \frac{y \sin(\theta)}{y^2 + 1}, \quad y(\pi) = 1.$$

(Possibly useful integral: $\int \theta \sin(\theta) d\theta = \sin(\theta) - \theta \cos(\theta) + C$)

$$\frac{1}{0} \frac{dy}{d\theta} = \frac{y \sin(\theta)}{y^2 + 1} \text{ as } \frac{y^2 + 1}{y} dy = 0 \sin(\theta) d\theta, \quad y \neq 0$$

$$48 \int (y + \frac{1}{y}) dy = \int 0 \sin(\theta) d\theta$$

$$48 \int \frac{y^2}{y^2} + \ln|y| = \sin(\theta) - 0 \cos(\theta) + C$$

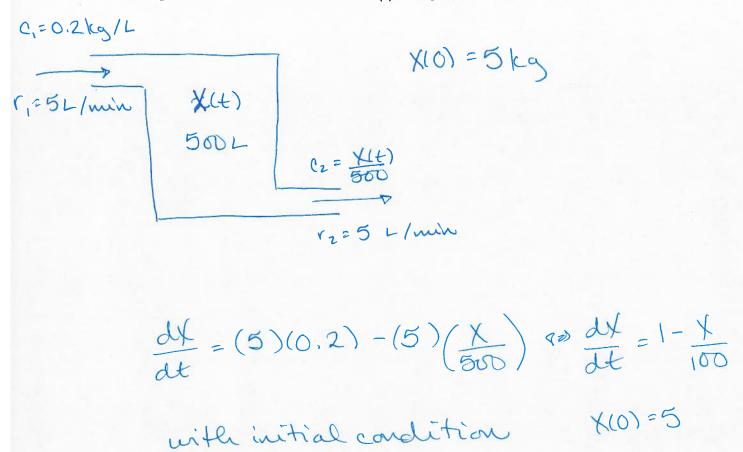
$$2$$

... the solution satisfies

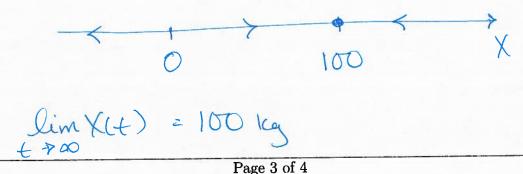
y2 + lu |y| = sin(0) - 0 cos(0) + IT + 1/2

Note that y = 0 is not a solution because it does not satisfy the initial condition). Page 2 of 4

- 3. Suppose a brine containing salt at a concentration of 0.2 kg/L runs into a tank initially filled with 500 L of water containing 5 kg of salt. The brine enters the tank at a rate of 5 L/min, and the well-stirred mixture flows out at the same rate. Let X(t) be the amount of salt in the tank at time t.
- (a) Make a sketch showing the tank, inflow, and outflow information. Write down the 5 ODE and initial conditions for X(t). Simplify the ODE.



(b) sketch the phase line for the ODE. What is $\lim_{t\to\infty} X(t)$? 2



4. Find the value of k so that the differential equation below is exact.

$$\underbrace{(y^3 + kxy^4 - 2x)dx + (3xy^2 + 20x^2y^3)dy}_{\mathcal{M}(x,y)} = 0$$

[7] 5. Solve the initial value problem $x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y + 2x = 3x^2$, y(1) = 1.

This is a linear 1st order ODE in y:

dy + 3 y + 2 = 3 x 12 dy + 3 y = 3 x - 2

We need an integrating factor

Me need an integrating factor

Me e 13 dx 3en(x1+00)

e e

= P 2n | x3 |

det jusse? = 23. Then the ODE becomes

23 dy + 3x2 y 7 3 x4 - 2x3 (2) 1

(1) (or de [x3y] = 3xct-2x3 (xx) x3y=3xe5 - 2xt+ C

43 y= 322 - x + C

 $\frac{3x^2 - x + \frac{9}{10}x^5}{5}$ Page 4 of 4