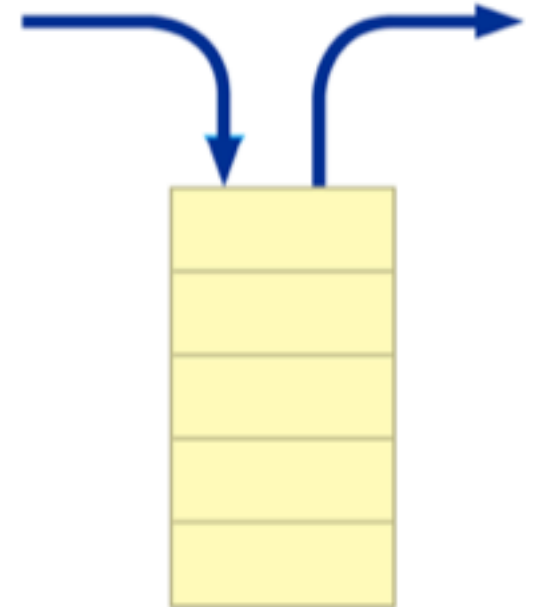


COSC 121: Computer Programming II

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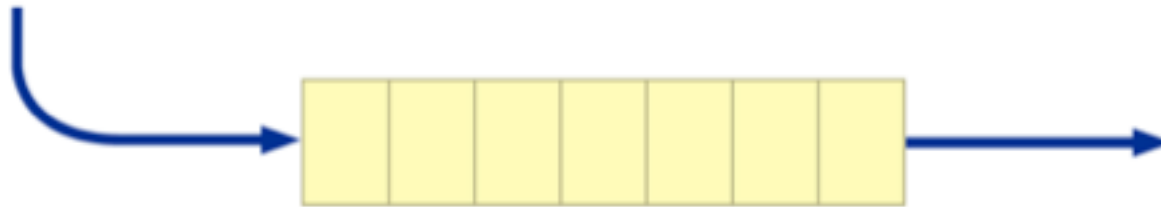
Review: Stacks

- **Stack** is a linear data structure
 - **LIFO** order
- Stack Operations:
 - push, pop, top, empty
- Last classes:
 - Implemented stack as array
 - Implemented stack as linked list



Review: Queues

- **Queue** is a linear data structure
 - **FIFO** order
- Queue Operations:
 - enqueue, dequeue, empty



Exercise: Implement Queue as an Array

- Problem specification:
 - An array of integers
 - Fixed input size
- Where to start in implementation?
 - Classes?
 - Methods?
 - What to keep track of?

Exercise: Implement Queue as an Array

- Classes?
 - Test class with main()
 - Queue class with its operations
- Methods?
 - enqueue(), dequeue()
 - is_empty() (may also want is_full())
 - toString()
- What to keep track of?
 - Whether queue is empty
 - Index to enqueue and dequeue

```
~/Documents/121/code$ cat QueueDemo.java
public class QueueDemo
{
    public static void main( String[] args )
    {
        Queue myqueue = new Queue( 5 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.is_full() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 4 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 2 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 9 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        System.out.println( myqueue.is_full() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 3 );
        myqueue.dequeue();
        myqueue.enqueue( 6 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        System.out.println( myqueue.is_full() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 1 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.is_full() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.is_full() );
        myqueue.dequeue();
        System.out.println( myqueue.is_full() );
        myqueue.dequeue();
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
    }
}
```

Output?

Output

```
~/Documents/121/code$ java QueueDemo  
false  
head pos = 0, tail pos = 3: 4 2 9 -1 -1  
false  
head pos = 1, tail pos = 0: -1 2 9 3 6  
false  
true  
true  
false  
head pos = 3, tail pos = 1: 1 -1 -1 3 6  
head pos = 3, tail pos = 2: 1 0 -1 3 6  
~/Documents/121/code$
```

How to visualize stack operations with linked list?

Queue Class Skeleton

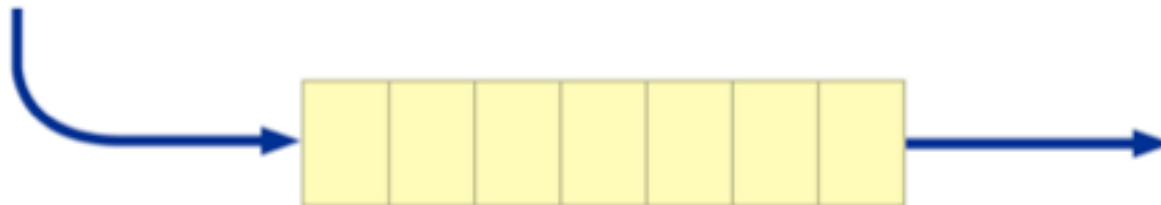
```
public class Queue
{
    // attributes

    // methods
    public Queue() { ... }
    public boolean is_empty() { ... }
    public void enqueue() { ... }
    public int dequeue() { ... }
    public String toString() { ... }
}
```

Can have
`is_full()` as well

Exercise: Implement Queue as Linked List

- Problem specification:
 - A queue to store a set of integers
 - Size of list is variable
- Where to start in implementation?
 - Classes?
 - Methods?
 - What to keep track of?



Exercise: Implement Queue as Linked List

- Classes?
 - Test class with main()
 - Queue class with its operations
 - Node class to hold each element
- Methods?
 - enqueue(), dequeue()
 - is_empty() (may also want is_full())
 - toString()
- What to keep track of?
 - Whether queue is empty
 - Pointer to node “location” for enqueue and dequeue

```
public class QueueListDemo
{
    public static void main( String[] args )
    {
        QueueList myqueue = new QueueList();
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 4 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 2 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 9 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 3 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.dequeue();
        myqueue.dequeue();
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 6 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 1 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.dequeue();
        myqueue.dequeue();
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
        myqueue.enqueue( 0 );
        System.out.println( myqueue.toString() );
    }
}
```

Output?

Output

```
~/Documents/121/code$ java QueueListDemo
```

```
4  2  9  3
9  3
9  3  6
9  3  6  1  0  0  0
6  1  0  0  0
6  1  0  0  0  0
```

```
~/Documents/121/code$ █
```

How to visualize stack operations with linked list?

QueueNode Class Skeleton

```
public class QueueNode
{
    // attributes
    int item;
    QueueNode next;

    // methods
    public QueueNode( int val ) { ... }
    public int getNext() { ... }
    public void setNext( QueueNode n ) { ... }
    public String toString() { ... }
}
```

QueueList Class Skeleton

```
public class QueueList
{
    // attributes
    private QueueNode myqueue;
    private QueueNode tail;
    private final int UNDEF = -1;

    // methods
    public QueueList() { ... }
    public boolean is_empty() { ... }
    public void enqueue( int val ) { ... }
    public int dequeue() { ... }
    public String toString() { ... }
}
```

Comparison of Implementations

- Stack
 - As an array – easier, but fixed size
 - As a list – extra work to fix pointers
- Queue
 - As an array – difficult to keep track of head and tail
 - As a list – easier to manage